SCP51460

High Accuracy Low Noise 20 mA LDO Regulator

The SCP51460 is a low cost, low power, high accuracy LDO voltage regulator. This device will supply output current up to 20 mA at fixed output voltage 3.3 V with excellent regulation characteristics, making it ideal for precision regulator applications. It is designed to be stable without output capacitor. This is an important feature, when fast rise times and PCB space are in concern. The protective features include Short Circuit Current and Reverse Voltage Protection. The SCP51460 is packaged in 3 leads surface mount SOT−23 package.

Features

- Fixed Output Voltage 3.3 V
- V_{OUT} Accuracy 1% over 0 to +100°C
- Wide Input Voltage Range up to 28 V
- Low Quiescent Current
- Low Noise
- Reverse Battery Protection
- Stable Without Output Capacitor
- Available in 3 leads SOT−23 Package
- Pb−Free Package is Available

Typical Applications

- Handheld Instruments
- Precision Regulators
- Data Acquisition Systems
- High Accuracy Micropower Supplies

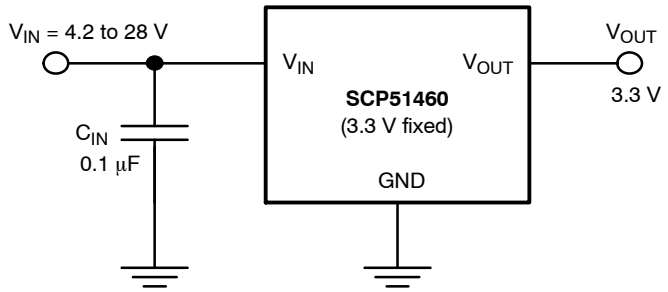

Figure 1. Typical Application Schematics

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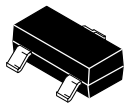
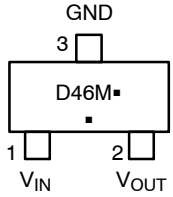


SOT−23−3
SN1 SUFFIX
CASE 318

MARKING DIAGRAM AND PIN ASSIGNMENT



(Top View)

D46 = Specific Device Code
M = Date Code
▪ = Pb−Free Package
(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 5 of this data sheet.

Table 1. PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	V_{IN}	Positive Input Voltage
2	V_{OUT}	Regulated Output Voltage
3	GND	Power Supply Ground; Device Substrate

Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage (Note 1)	V_{IN}	30	V
Reverse Input Voltage	V_{IN}	−15	V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 2)	I_{OUT}	∞	sec
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{J(max)}$	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	−65 to 150	°C
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 3)	ESD_{HBM}	1000	V
ESD Capability, Machine Model (Note 3)	ESD_{MM}	100	V

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
2. With the Input Voltage ≤ 28 V the SCP51460 is able to withstand an infinitely long time under Short Circuit Condition.
3. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:
   ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC−Q100−002 (EIA/JESD22−A114)
   ESD Machine Model tested per AEC−Q100−003 (EIA/JESD22−A115)
   Latch up Current Maximum Rating: tested per JEDEC standard: JESD78.

Table 3. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Characteristics, SOT23−3 package Thermal Resistance, Junction−to−Ambient (Note 4)	$R_{\theta JA}$	246	°C/W

4. Soldered on 1 oz 50 mm^2 FR4 copper area.

Table 4. OPERATING RANGES

Rating	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage (Note 5)	V_{IN}	V_{OUT} + 0.9	28	V
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T_A	0	100	°C

5. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.

Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2.5 V, I_{OUT} = 0, C_{IN} = 0.1 μF, C_{OUT} = 0 μF; For typical values T_A = 25°C, for min/max values 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 100°C unless otherwise noted.) (Note 6).

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage		V_{OUT}	3.267 (−1 %)	3.3	3.333 (+1 %)	V
Line Regulation	V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.9 V to 2.5 V V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2.5 V to 20 V	Reg_{LINE}	− −	120 75	1000 130	ppm/V
Load Regulation	I_{OUT} = 100 μA, T_A = 25°C I_{OUT} = 10 mA, T_A = 25°C I_{OUT} = 20 mA, T_A = 25°C	Reg_{LOAD}	− − −	1200 210 180	3000 300 300	ppm/mA
Load Regulation	I_{OUT} = 100 μA, 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 100°C I_{OUT} = 10 mA, 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 100°C	Reg_{LOAD}	− −	1500 260	4000 300	ppm/mA
Dropout Voltage	Measured at V_{OUT} − 2% I_{OUT} = 0 mA I_{OUT} = 10 mA	V_{DO}	 − −	 0.65 0.94	 0.9 1.4	V

Quiescent Current	I_{OUT} = 0 mA, T_A = 25°C I_{OUT} = 0 mA, 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 100°C	I_Q	– –	150	180 220	μA
Output Short Circuit Current	V_{OUT} = 0 V, T_A = 25°C	I_{SC}	–	40	–	mA
Reverse Leakage	V_{IN} = – 15 V, T_A = 25°C	I_{LEAK}	–	0.1	10	μA
Output Noise Voltage (Note 7)	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz f = 10 Hz to 1 kHz	V_N	–	13.2 13.2	–	μV_{PP} μV_{rms}

6. Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization tested at T_J = T_A = 25°C. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
7. Peak−to−peak noise is measured with a single pole high pass filter at 0.1 Hz and 2−pole low pass filter at 10 Hz. The unit is enclosed into still−air environment to eliminate thermocouple effects. The test time is set to 10 sec.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

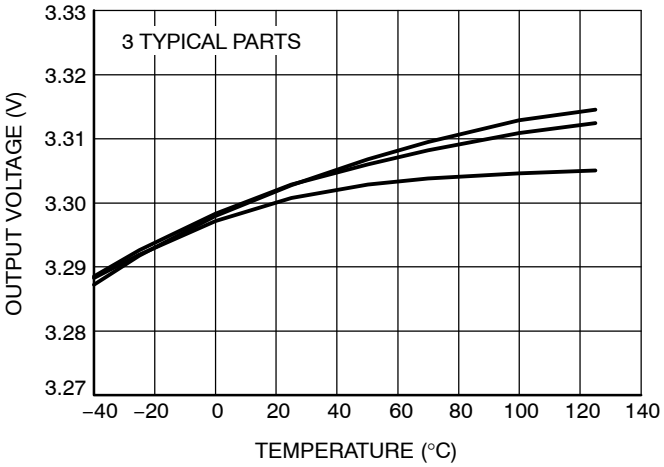


Figure 2. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

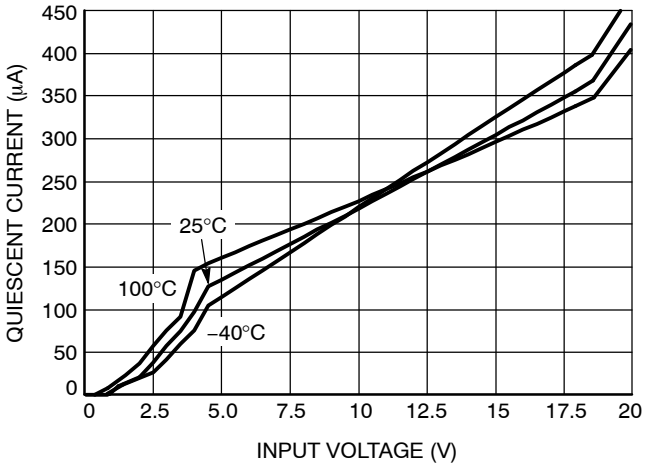


Figure 3. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

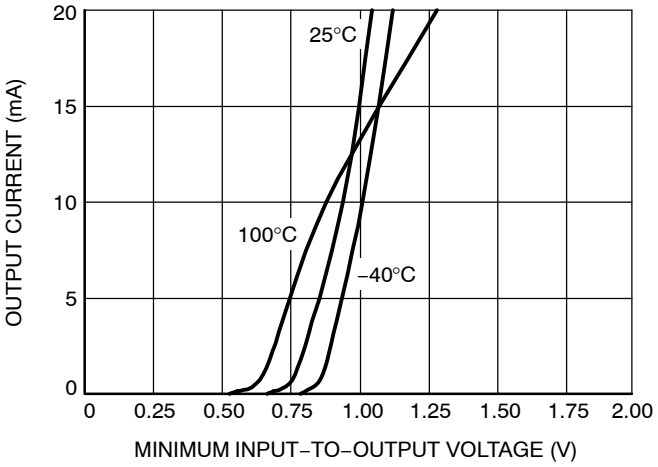


Figure 4. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

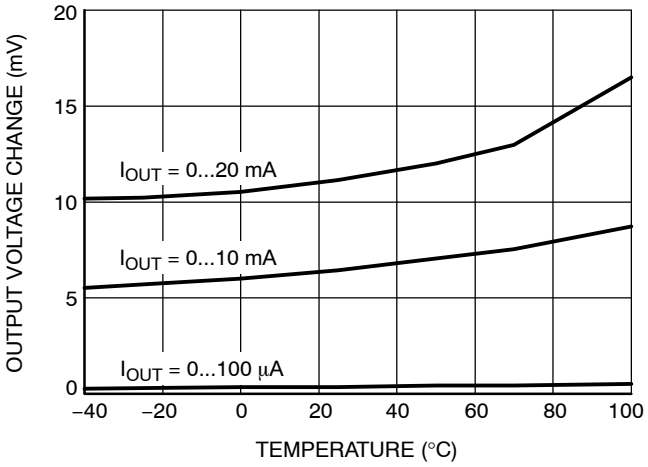


Figure 5. Output Voltage Change vs. Temperature

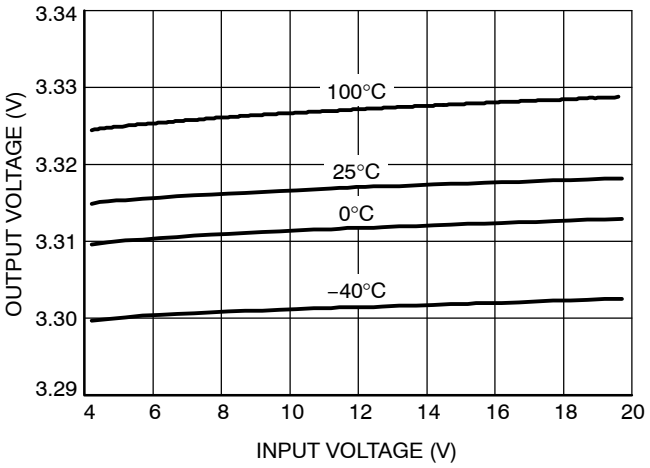


Figure 6. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

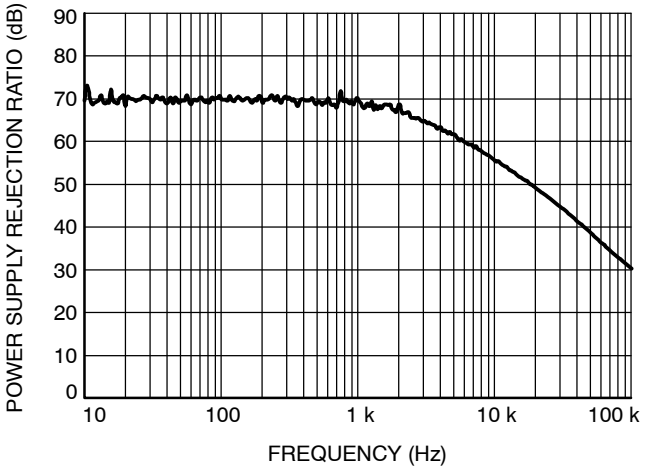


Figure 7. PSRR vs. Frequency

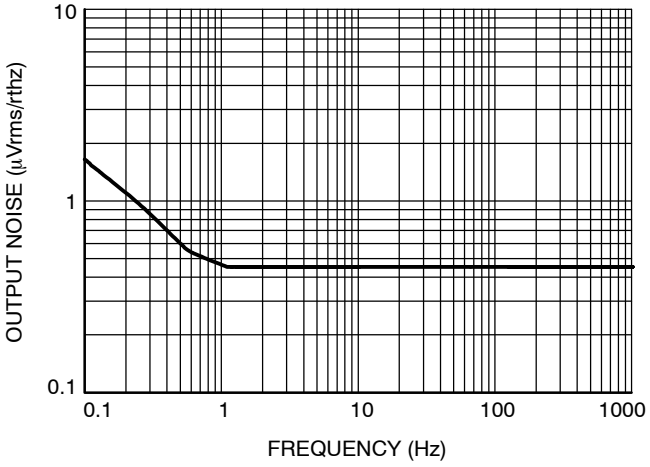


Figure 8. Output Voltage Noise 0.1 Hz – 1 kHz

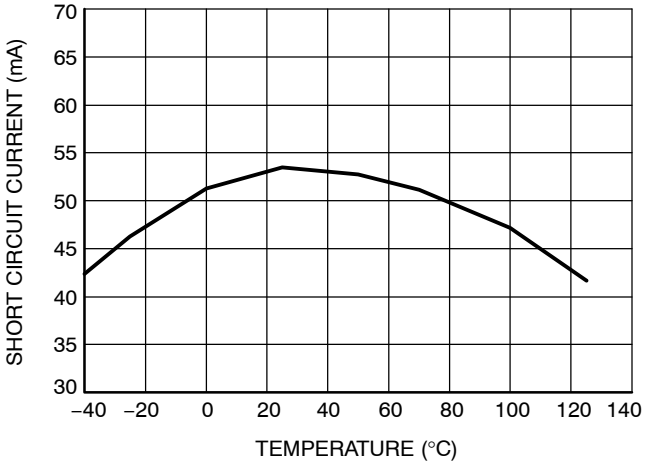


Figure 9. Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Input Decoupling Capacitor (C_{IN})

A ceramic or tantalum 0.1 μF capacitor is recommended and should be connected close to the SCP51460 package. Higher capacitance and lower ESR will improve the overall line transient response.

Output Decoupling Capacitor (C_{OUT})

The SCP51460 does not require any output capacitance to be stable. With no capacitor at the output the device will have faster V_{OUT} rise time and will occupy less PCB space. In some applications however the output capacitor could be added. This will improve the overall transient response. During the transients capacitors with low ESR (e.g. Ceramic capacitors) will cause more ringing than the Tantalum or Aluminum Capacitors.

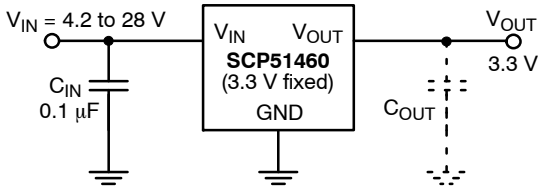


Table 6 shows the maximum capacitance of C_{OUT} for various load currents to avoid instability.

Table 6.

I_{OUT} = 100 μA	I_{OUT} = 1 mA	I_{OUT} = 10 mA	I_{OUT} = 20 mA
>10 μF	>10 μF	1 μF	0.68 μF

Thermal Characteristics

As power dissipation in the SCP51460 increases, it may become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. The board material and the ambient temperature affect the rate of junction temperature rise for the part. The maximum power dissipation the SCP51460 can handle is given by:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{[T_{J(MAX)} - T_A]}{R_{\theta JA}} \quad \text{(eq. 1)}$$

Since T_J is not recommended to exceed 100°C ($T_{J(MAX)}$), then the SCP51460 can dissipate up to 305 mW when the ambient temperature (T_A) is 25°C.

The power dissipated by the SCP51460 can be calculated from the following equations:

$$P_D \approx V_{in}(I_{GND}@I_{out}) + I_{out}(V_{in} - V_{out}) \quad \text{(eq. 2)}$$

or

$$V_{in(MAX)} \approx \frac{P_{D(MAX)} + (V_{out} \cdot I_{out})}{I_{out} + I_{GND}} \quad \text{(eq. 3)}$$

Hints

V_{in} and GND printed circuit board traces should be as wide as possible. When the impedance of these traces is high, there is a chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction. Place external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the SCP51460, and make traces as short as possible.

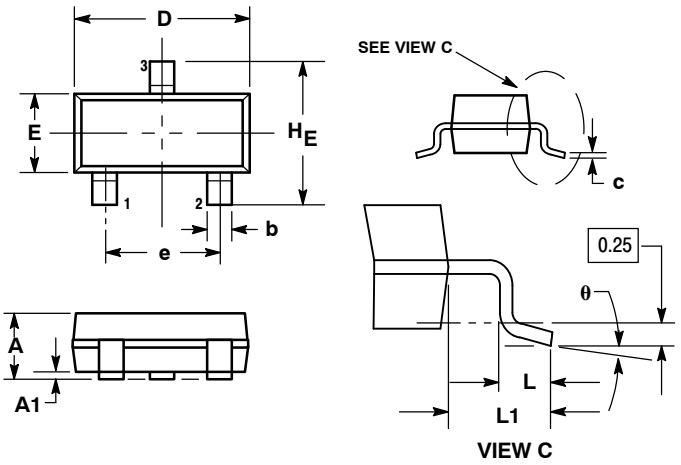
ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Device Code	Package	Shipping†
SCP51460SN33T1G	D46	SOT23−3 (Pb−Free)	3,000 / Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

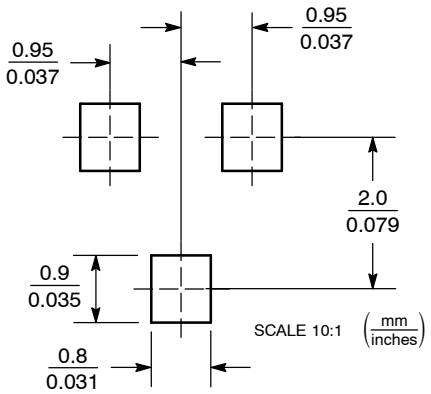
SOT−23 (TO−236)
CASE 318−08
ISSUE AN



NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.
4. 318−01 THRU −07 AND −09 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 318−08.

	MILLIMETERS			INCHES		
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.89	1.00	1.11	0.035	0.040	0.044
A1	0.01	0.06	0.10	0.001	0.002	0.004
b	0.37	0.44	0.50	0.015	0.018	0.020
c	0.09	0.13	0.18	0.003	0.005	0.007
D	2.80	2.90	3.04	0.110	0.114	0.120
E	1.20	1.30	1.40	0.047	0.051	0.055
e	1.78	1.90	2.04	0.070	0.075	0.081
L	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.004	0.008	0.012
L1	0.35	0.54	0.69	0.014	0.021	0.029
H_E	2.10	2.40	2.64	0.083	0.094	0.104

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT



PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:
Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor
P.O. Box 5163, Denver, Colorado 80217 USA
Phone: 303−675−2175 or 800−344−3860 Toll Free USA/Canada
Fax: 303−675−2176 or 800−344−3867 Toll Free USA/Canada
Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800−282−9855 Toll Free USA/Canada
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